1.	Prote	in bound form of Vitamin C	present i	n plant and animal cells is				
	A)	Citrovorin	B)	Ascorbigen				
	C)	Tocopherol	D)	Citrinin				
2.			ace tens	ion of the medium in which it is				
		lved is referred to as						
	A)	Interface	B)	Emulsifier				
	C)	Sol	D)	Surfactant				
3.	The o	component present in fruits w	hich dec	creases on ripening is				
	A)	Pectin	B)	Vitamins				
	C)	Proteins	D)	Starch				
4.	Abili	ty of colloids to absorb water	and swe	ell is known as				
	A)	Adsorption	B)	Imbibition				
	C)	Absorption	Ď)	Gelatinisation				
5	Inges	stion of toxic alkaloids from a	rgemone	e oil an adulterant results in				
٥.	A)	Lathyrism	B)	Haemolysis				
	C)	Photophobia	D)	Epidemic dropsy				
	C)	Тпоторновіа	D)	Epidenne dropsy				
5.6.7.8.	Measures adopted by the Government to increase the production of oilseeds is termed							
	A)	White revolution	B)	Blue revolution				
	C)	Green revolution	D)	Yellow revolution				
7.	The 1	most effective dietary fibre is	from					
	A)	Wheat bran	B)	Fruits				
	C)	Vegetables	Ď)	Oats				
8.	Role	of sugar in gluten formation i	is to					
	A)	Stabilise gluten allowing d		rise				
	B)	Maintain optimal elasticity						
	C)	Slow gelation	01 4048	,				
	D)	Hydrolyse gluten						
9.	Δgar	is an example of						
<i>)</i> .	A)	Tree extracts	B)	Seaweed gum				
	C)	Seed gum	D)	Microbial fermentation gum				
10.	Plant	sources of Vit. D is referred	to as					
10.	A)	Ergosterol	B)	Sterol				
	C)	Cholecalciferol	D)	Phylloquinone				
11.	Farli	est indicator of PEM in childr	en is hv					
11.	A)	Biochemical estimation	B)	Clinical signs and symptoms				
	C)	Anthropometry	D)	Biophysical assessment				
	\sim $^{\prime}$	4 MILLIO POLITICAL Y	וע	Diophysical assessificit				

12.		vance redressal of consumer les is addressed by	rs regardin	g quality of purchased goods and food					
	A)	Codex Alimentarius Con	nmiccion						
	B)	ISI							
		Standards of Weights & Measures Act.							
	C)	•							
	D)	Statutory Consumer Prot	ection Cot	incii					
13.				fe' and refers to micro-organisms and					
		-	-	disease or improves nutrition?					
	A)	Antioxidant	B)	Prebiotic					
	C)	GMF	D)	Probiotic					
14.	Eggs	and poultry are commonly	contamina	ated with					
	A)	Listeria	B)	Closteridium					
	C)	Salmonella	D)	Staphylococci					
15.	One	of the largest nodal agencie	s (Internat	ional) relating to nutrition, agriculture,					
10.		try, fisheries and rural deve	•	ronary remaining to naturally, agreement,					
	A)	WHO	В)	FAO					
	C)	UNO	D)	ICAR					
	Ο,	0110	2)	20.22					
16.	Hum	ans lack the ability to synth	esize which	ch one of the following vitamins					
	A)	Vitamin B ₁	B)	Vitamin B ₂					
	C)	Biotin	D)	Vitamin C					
17.	The process of separation of liquid from a gel such as custard or curd on standing								
		is referred to as							
	A)	Gelation	B)	Syneresis					
	C)	Gelatinisation	Ď)	Retrogradation					
18.	Descri	vn crust of baked foods is du	10 40						
10.				Dextrinisation					
	A)	Maillard Browning Caramelisation	B)						
	C)	Caramensation	D)	Enzymatic Browning					
19.		ein sources such as yeast, fu							
	A)	Leaf proteins	B)	Unconventional proteins					
	C)	Single Cell proteins	D)	Microbial proteins					
20.	A ce	rtification mark on a produc	t assuring	of conformity to specifications is					
	A)	Standard Mark	B) .	Food Mark					
	C)	Agmark	D)	Labelling					
21.	Δna	dditive that promotes forma	tion of a s	table dispersion of oil in water is					
21.	A)	Hydrocolloid	B)	Gelling agent					
	C)	Encapsulating agent	D)	Emulsifier					
	<i>\(\)</i>	Znoupsuluing agont	D)						
22.		ch of the following foods is							
	A)	Cottage cheese	B)	Refined Cereals					
	C)	Mayonnaise	D)	Fried foods					

23.	 Long term assessment of blood glucose level can be determined by A) Glycemic Index B) Glucose Tolerance Test C) Glycosylated Haemoglobin levels D) Serum insulin levels 					
24.	For which one of the following	g conditions	a low protein diet is prescribed?			
	A) Hepatic encephalopath	y B)	Nephrotic Syndrome			
	C) Ulcerative colitis	D)	Burns			
25.		onscious see	king of simplest, easiest and quickest			
	method of doing work.					
	A) Work curve		Work triangle			
	C) Work simplification	D)	Work schedule			
26.	principle of desig	n is also kno	own as law-of-relationship.			
	A) Rhythm	B)	Proportion			
	C) Harmony	D)	Emphasis			
27.	Orange, green and violet const	titute	colour harmony			
	A) Analogous	B)	Split complementary			
	C) Direct complementary	D)	Triad			
28.	Maximum perimeter of a work	c triangle sho	ould not exceed			
	A) 22'	B)	28'			
	C) 29'	D)	32'			
29.	When primary colours and sec colour is developed.	condary colo	urs are mixed in equal proportion			
	A) Teritiary	B)	Quaternary			
	C) Intermediate	D)	Analogous			
30.	Average time required to perfo	orm a specifi	ic activity is called			
	A) Time cost	B)	Time norm			
	C) Time schedule	D)	Time			
31.	Repeated failure in the same a	ctivity result	ts in fatigue			
	A) Physiological	B)	Frustration			
	C) Boredom	D)	Pathological			
32.	When expenditure exceeds inc	come, the bu	dget is said to be			
	A) Surplus budget	B)	Balanced budget			
	C) Deficit budget	Ď)	Unbalanced budget			
33.	A German statistician who and consumption':	alysed budge	et facts and framed the 'Law of			
	A) Marvin Mundel	B)	F.R.Gilberth			
	C) Ernst Engel	D)	V.M.Swartz			

34.		lines can create an effect	ct of dig	gnity and formality in interior decoration				
	A)	Diagonal	B)	Vertical				
	C)	Curved	D)	Zig-zag				
35.		is a summarized state	ment of	f the assets and liabilities of a family at				
	the e	nd of the year						
	A)	Spread sheet	B)	Expenditure account				
	C)	Balance sheet	D)	Budget				
36.	A ph	otographic device used to trac	e the pa	ath during work analysis				
	A)	Process chart	B)	Flexi curve				
	C)	Time and Motion Chart	D)	Cycle graph				
37.	The	best suitable arrangement for a	a narrov	v kitchen is				
	A)	L shape	B)	U shape				
	C)	One wall	D)	Island				
38.	The	study pertaining to work-work	er-work	king environment is called				
	A)	Economics	B)	Econometrics				
	C)	Ergonomics	D)	Ergometrics				
39.	is the first step in decision making							
	A)	Finding the alternative	B)	Seeking solutions				
	C)	Finding the alternative Defining the problem	D)	Developing a master plan				
40.	The	service rendered by a family n	nember	is included under				
	A)	Money income	B)	Real income				
	C)	Salary	D)	Psychic income				
41.		energy can be used f	for pron	noting energy conservation at the				
	hous	ehold level						
	A)		B)	LPG				
	C)	Geothermal	D)	Kerosene				
42.	Blac	k colour used in the vessels of	solar co					
	A)		B)	5				
	C)	Reflects sun light	D)	Protects food from microbial action				
43.	Ikeba	ana arranged in tall containers	is calle	d				
	A)	Moribana	B)	Rikka				
	C)	Shoka	D)	Nagaire				
44.	-	hm created by placing equally	sized/s	haped objects around a centre is called				
	A)	•	B)	Continuous				
	C)		D)	Circular				

45.	'	follows function':	is a famo	us guideline in interior designing			
		Furniture	B)	Furnishing			
	C)	Fashion	D)	Form			
46.				ut activities requiring precision			
		Cove lighting					
	C)	General lighting	D)	Task lighting			
47.	Whe	n lines are joined to enclose	space	is formed.			
	A)	Pattern	B)	Shape			
	C)	Motif	D)	Graphics			
48.	Surfa	ace enrichment of a structura	l design i	s called design			
	A)	Decorative	B)	Stylized			
	C)	Abstract	D)	Architectural			
49.	An e	xample of a chemical finish					
	A)	Napping	B)	Beetling			
	C)	Moireing	D)	Weighting			
50.		n dyeing is a method of					
	A)	Yarn dyeing	B)	Fabric dyeing			
				Fibre dyeing			
51.	In a loom, is the frame that pushes the filling thread into position.						
	A)	Heddle	B)	Reed			
	C)	Beam	D)	Shuttle			
52.	A cru	ushable black bead is formed	l when	fibre is burnt			
	A)	Cotton	B)	Polyester			
	C)	Nylon	D)	Silk			
53.	Batik	is a method of	printin	g			
	A)	Direct	B)	Discharge			
	C)	Resist	D)	Stencil			
54.	Whic	ch is the most resilient fabric	of the fo	llowing.			
	A)	Cotton	B)	Wool			
	C)	Rayon	D)	Silk			
55.		is not an example					
	A)	Sodium Hypochlorite	B)	Sodium Sulphate			
	C)	Sodium perborate	D)	Potassium permanganate			
56.		ort stout person looks better					
	A)	Large figured fabrics	B)	Full sleeves			
	C)	One-colour costume	D)	Full skirts			

57.	An e	xample of fancy weave is							
	A)	Pile weave	B)	Satin weave					
	C)	Rib weave	D)	Basket weave					
58.		is a grease solve	nt						
	A)	Fullers earth	B)	Carbon Tetrachloride					
	C)	Javelle water	D)	Potassium Permanganate					
A) Pile weak C) Rib weak C) Rib weak S8	is not a marking	g equipme	nt						
	A)		B)	Tracing wheel					
	C)	Tailor's chalk	D)	Dress makers' carbon.					
60.	A tal	l thin person looks better in							
	A)	Small accessories	B)	Shiny fabrics					
	C)	Long necklines	D)	Bulky fabrics					
61.	A va	riation of the calendering fi	nish is						
	A)	Beetling	B)	Singeing					
	C)	Moireing	D)	Gigging					
62.	An e	xample of mineral stain is							
	A)	Tar stain	B)	Grass stain					
	C)	Black ink	D)	Scorch stain					
63.	An example of uncut pile fabric is								
	A)	Tapestry	B)	Terry cloth					
	C)	Velvet	D)	Gingham					
64.		The technical term which indicates the number of warp and weft yarns in a square							
	inch	of fabric is called	of clot						
	A)	Count	B)	Denier					
	C)	Tex	D)	Selvedge					
65.	For c	crepe effect,i	s used on	fabrics					
	A)	Urea formaldehyde	B)						
	C)	Acrylic resin	D)	Caustic soda					
66.		is not a technique	to introdu	ce fullness in garments.					
	A)	Shirrs	B)	Godets					
	C)	Darts	D)	Basting					
67.	Proc		effect on	the fabric and to impart a soft feel is					
	A)	Napping	B)	Singeing					
	C)	Tentering	D)	Creping					
68.	A sea	am most suitable for bulky t	fabrics						
	A)	Flat fell seam	B)	Plain seam					
	C)	French seam	D)	Mantua maker's seam					

69.		is not an example	of a veg	getable fibre			
	A)	Kapok	B)	Hemp			
	C)	Asbestos	D)	Jute			
70.	Perm	nanent hardness of water is cau	ised by				
	A)	Calcium Bicarbonate	B)	Magnesium Sulphate			
	C)	Sodium Carbonate	D)	Magnesium Bicarbonate			
71.		is an example of	a finish	ned opening in a garment			
	A)	Placket	B)	Pleats			
	C)	Selvedge	D)	Fasteners			
72.	For b	pleaching white silk,		can be safely used.			
	A)	Sodium Perborate	B)	Potassium permanganate			
	C)	Sodium Hypochlorite	D)	Hydrogen peroxide			
73.		n participants are studied reperrns as well as individual differ		t different ages to identify common development, it is called the			
	A)	Cross sectional design	B)	Sequential design			
	C)	Longitudinal design	D)	Microgenetic design			
74.	The concrete operational stage is from						
	A)	Birth -2 years	B)	7-11 years			
	C)	2-7 years	D)	11 – 15 years			
75.	The 1	most successful approach to ch	nild rear	ring is			
	A)	Permissive	B)	Uninvolved			
	C)	Authoritarian	D)	Authoritative			
76.	-	intervention should focus on					
	A)	•					
	B)						
	-	C) Emphasizing parent involvement					
	D)	All of the above					
77.		rol over actions that help infar	_				
	A)	Fine motor development	B)	Cephalo caudal trend			
	C)	Proxymodistal trend	D)	Gross motor development			
78.		nocentesis is a di	_	•			
	A)	Post natal	B)	Perinatal			
	C)	Prenatal	D)	None of the above			
79.		xample of an X linked inherita					
	A)	Down syndrome	B)	Haemophilia			
	C)	Tay-Sachs disease	D)	Diabetes insipidus			

80.		inique and dynamic organizati viour is called	on of a	Ill the factors that sum up an individual			
	A)	Self	B)	Personality			
		Ego centrism	D)	•			
81.		twins are formed wh	nen a zy	ygote that has started to duplicate			
	separ	rates into two clusters of cells t	that dev	velop into two individuals			
	A)	Identical	B)	Fraternal			
	C)	Recessive	D)	Dominant			
82.				status when he/she is experiencing			
		lentity crisis, actively raising q	•				
	A)	Diffusion	B)	Identity achievement status			
	C)	Foreclosure status	D)	Moratorium			
83.		cognitive - developmental theo	•	· ·			
	A)	Piaget	B)				
	C)	Erikson	D)	Hall			
84.		rod like structures within the co		leus which contain the hereditary			
	A)	DNA	B)	RNA			
	C)	Chromosomes	D)	Genes			
85.	Anoxia refers to						
	A)	Inadequate oxygen supply					
	C)	Reduced metabolic rate	D)	Complicated labour process			
86.		es born several weeks or more					
	A)	Breech babies	B)				
	C)	Preterm infants	D)	Small for date infants			
87.		etes are formed through					
	A)	Meiosis	B)				
	C)	Crossing over	D)	Fertilization			
88.		presence of lead in blood which ling and haemorrhaging.	h excee	edsµg/dl causes brain			
	A)	60	B)	50			
	C)	100	D)	10			
89.	The r	rights of children came into for	rce as a				
	A)	2 nd September 1990	B)	5 th September 1950			
	C)	26 th September 1989	D)	14 th September 1947			
90.	Resp		nd free	dom of expression come under			
	A)	Right to survival	B)	Right to protection			
	C)	Right to development	D)	Right to participation			

91.	The In	ndian Council for Child We	elfare was	established in the y	ear					
	A)	1920	B)	1959						
	C)	1952	D)	1980						
92.	UNIC	EF is the acronym for								
<i>)</i> <u></u> ,	A) United Nations Children's Fund									
	B)	,								
	C)									
	D)									
	,									
93.	The headquarter of FAO is located at									
	A)	Geneva	B)	Delhi						
	C)	New York	D)	Rome						
94.	The d	evelopmental tasks for eacl	h stage of	life was put forward	i by:					
ΣΤ.	A)	Havinghurst	ii stage or	ine was put for ware	i oy.					
	B)	Ellen								
	C)	Freud								
		Vygotsky								
	D)	vygotsky								
95.	A crèche should provide a minimum of square feet of floor space per									
	baby									
	A)	40 B) 1:	5	C) 20	D) 25					
96.	Teratogenic damage is usually minor during the									
<i>7</i> 0.	A)	Embryonic period	B)	Foetal period						
	C)	Period of the zygote	D)	Prenatal period						
	<i>C)</i>	Teriod of the zygote	D)	Trenatar period						
97.	Gurgaon project was started by Brayne in the year									
	A)		20	C) 1947	D) 1902					
00	was the first State where Dancheveti Doi was introduced									
98.	was the first State where Panchayati Raj was introduced.									
		Rajasthan	B)	Gujarat						
	C)	U.P	D)	Tamil Nadu						
99.	"Grov	v more Food Campaign" w	as first sta	rted in 1942 after th	ne crisis in food					
	grains	in								
	A)	Andhra Pradesh	B)	Punjab						
	C)	Bengal	D)	U.P						
100.		is the full form of	DDAD							
100.				····						
	-	A) Drought Prone Alleviation Programme								
	B) Drought Prone Area ProgrammeC) Drought Programme for Asia –Pacific									
	C)			IIIC						
	D)	Drought Prone Area Proj	eci							
101.	The c	oncept of KVK was introdu	iced by							
	A)	Mohan Singh Mehta	B)	Brayne						
	C)	Raj Gopalachari	D)	Mayer						

102.			ınchaya	iti Raj at Block Level.				
	A)	Zilla Parishad	B)	Village Panchayat				
	C)	Panchayat Samiti	D)	Gram Sabha				
103.			lel of communication process involves ments B) 4 elements ments D) 6 elements detailed information on a single idea in 4 to 6 pages by folding cereblet B) Bulletin by D) Booklet grouped in idual Method B) Group Method Method D) None s are known as to Aids B) Visual Aids cted Audio-visual Aids D) Non -Projected Audio-Visual Aids berience' was devised by to B) Edgar Dale to Wiseman to shares with the group members in decision making process and activities is called a cratic leader B) Democratic Leader ez faire leader D) Professional leader demonstration shows the assembled group how to carry out a given the Demonstration B) Method Demonstration for Demonstration D) None the Demonstration B) Method Demonstration for Demonstration D) None attributes is the starting point of programme planning typic of the situation fication of problems ction of facts mination of objectives and goals a stage of innovation-decision process est B) Adoption eness D) Allocation attributes in the stages, activities etc Card B) Flip Chart					
	A)	3 elements	B)	4 elements				
	C)	5 elements	D)	6 elements				
104.		is detailed information or	n a sing	le idea in 4 to 6 pages by folding				
			D)	D 11 4				
		Pamphlet						
	C)	Folder	D)	Booklet				
105.		tins are grouped in	D)					
	,	Individual Method	-	-				
	C)	Mass Method	D)	None				
106.		et shows are known as						
	,	Audio Aids	,					
	C)	Projected Audio-visual Aids	D)	Non –Projected Audio-Visual Aids				
107.	'Cone	e of Experience' was devised by	y					
	A)	Wilser	B)	Edgar Dale				
	C)	Edward	D)	Wiseman				
108.	A leader who shares with the group members in decision making process and planning of activities is called a							
		Autocratic leader	B)	Democratic Leader				
	,	Laissez faire leader	,					
105.106.107.108.109.110.	demonstration shows the assembled group how to carry out a giver practice							
			D)	Mathad Damonstration				
	C)	Lecture Demonstration	-					
110		is the starting no	int of n	rooramme nlannino				
110.	A)		in or p	rogramme pramming				
	B)							
	C)							
	D)		and goa	ls				
111.		- is not a stage of innovation-de	ecision	process				
	A)	Interest		-				
	C)	Awareness		*				
106.107.108.109.	A dias	grammatic representation of int	ter relat	tionships between stages, activities etc				
	A)	Flash Card						
	C)	Flow Chart		-				
	,		,					

113.		utline of acti camme	vities so a	arranged t	o enal	ole effici	ent execution	of entire	
	A)	Calendar o	of work		B)	Blue	print		
	C)	Plan of wo	ork		D)	Progr	amme plannir	ng	
114.	The c	committee he	eaded by 1	Balwant F	Raj Me	hta is re	lated to the fo	ormation	of
	A)	Etawa pilo			B)		gram project		
	C)	Panchayat	i Raj		D)	Gurga	aon project		
115.	youth		nme start	ed by Go	vt of 1	India to	provide self e	mployme	nt to
	A)	TARP			B)	TRYS	SEM		
	C)	IRDP			D)	DWR	C		
116.	The I	Lab to Land j	programn	ne is a sig	nifica	nt land n	nark launched	l by	
	A)	KVK	B)	ICAR		C)	DRDA	D)	ORP
117.	One who adopts the innovation and influence others to do so								
	A)	Innovators	S		B)	Early	Adopters		
	C)	Active Ad	lopters		D)	Early	Majority		
118.	is a type of small group interaction designated to encourage the free introduction of ideas on an unrestricted basis is								
	A)	Brain stor	ming		B)	Camp	aign		
	C)	Workshop)		D)	Semii	nar		
119.	A letter sent to many people periodically or on special occasions								
	A)	Circular le	etter		B)	Notic	e		
	C)	Leaflet			D)	Invita	tion card		
120.	In the	e 'Cone of ex	kperience'	which le	arning	g experie	ence is on the	5 th platfo	rm?
	A)	Exhibits	-		B)		onstrations	-	
	C)	Field Trip			D)	Motio	on Pictures		
